





High Emergency Department Users: Older Adults with Diabetes and Multiple Chronic Conditions | Alberta

What is the Issue?

There are approximately 580,000 people aged 65 and older living in Alberta and more than 17% of them are living with diabetes. Often older adults with diabetes have at least one other health condition, and 44% of them have 2 or more conditions.

Key Features of this Study:

Using health data from Alberta, two groups of community-living older adults with diabetes were identified:

- 1) High-Emergency Department User Group: All community-living older adults with diabetes with the highest number of emergency department visits over one year.
- 2) Population-Based Group: A random sample of community-dwelling older adults living with diabetes.

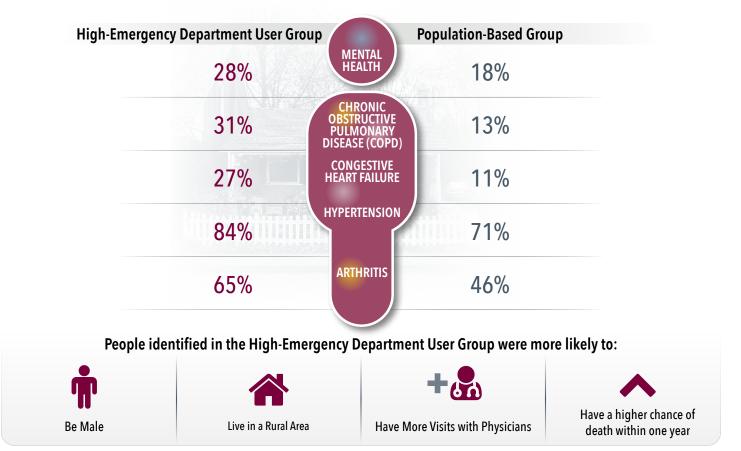
Did you know?

of the Population-Based Group visit the emergency department at least once each year?

The **High-Emergency Department User Group** and the **Population-Based Group** were compared on how often they also experienced other common health conditions.

Alberta

Shown below is the prevalence of selected conditions for each group.



Key Messages: Implications for Clinical Practice and Policy Considerations

- The high frequency of multiple chronic conditions suggests clinicians need to address diabetes in the context of all health challenges faced by patients.
- Frequent emergency department use is related to both socio-demographic factors and health conditions.

A comprehensive long-term strategy needs to be developed that focuses on all of these factors.

This infographic was developed on behalf of the ACHRU-CPP Research Team in collaboration with Lynne Mansell (patient/caregiver public partner) and Paige Blainey (ACHRU trainee). References available upon request. | achru.mcmaster.ca

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